GranEverest — EverestVault Test & Analysis Report Contracts test and review summary (Hardhat, Slither, Foundry fuzz & manual testing)

### 1. Environment & Scope

## **Tooling**

- Hardhat: 2.26.x (TypeScript)
- Solidity compiler: 0.8.24 (EVM: paris)
- Foundry (forge): 1.4.4-stable
- Slither (static analysis) installed via pipx

### Repo layout (contracts/)

- src/EverestVault.sol
- src/EverestVaultMulti.sol
- src/MockToken.sol
- src/GE\_Timelock.sol
- src/LoopTester.sol
- foundry-test/EverestVaultMultiFuzz.t.sol

## Foundry config (foundry.toml)

- -src = src
- test = foundry-test
- libs = lib
- out = out-foundry
- cache\_path = cache-foundry
- solc\_version = 0.8.24
- evm\_version = paris
- remappings:
- @openzeppelin/contracts -> node\_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts
- forge-std -> lib/forge-std/src

Scope of this report: automated tests and manual reviews on the EverestVault / EverestVaultMulti codebase as of the generation date above.

## 2. Hardhat Test Suite Summary

### Command

npx hardhat test

### Result

17 passing tests.

### Suites and checks

- 1) EverestVault Anti-loop atomic (same block)
- Blocks a deposit if it occurs in the same block as a borrow.
- Allows deposit in a later block even when there is existing debt.

### 2) EverestVaultMulti

## Deployment

- Sets feeRecipient correctly and rejects the zero address.

### Vault creation

- Allows users to create vaults and tracks the vault count.

## deposit

- Reverts if no ETH is sent or the vault does not exist.
- Adds collateral (net of the 0.25% protocol fee), updates totals and sends the fee.

#### borrow

- Reverts if amount == 0, the vault is missing or there is no collateral.
- Allows borrowing up to the max LTV (70%) and reverts above that limit.
- Updates lastBorrowBlock on borrow (anti-loop guard).

### repay

- Reverts if no ETH is sent, the vault is missing or there is no debt.
- Repays the exact debt and clears it.
- Repays debt and refunds excess ETH when overpaying.

### withdraw

- Reverts if amount == 0, the vault is missing or there is not enough collateral.
- Withdraws collateral when there is no debt, applies the 0.25% fee and updates totals.
- Reverts if the withdrawal would violate the max LTV with existing debt.

### pause

- Only the owner can pause/unpause.
- When paused: deposit, borrow and withdraw revert; repay remains allowed.
- 3. Slither Static Analysis Summary

#### Tool

Slither (static analysis)

### Run from

contracts/ directory (PowerShell environment)

#### **Target**

Current EverestVault / EverestVaultMulti codebase (Solc 0.8.24)

## Command (conceptual)

slither.

#### Result

Slither completed its analysis without reporting issues for the configured detectors on this codebase (0 issues reported in the last run).

### Interpretation

- Static analysis did not flag common categories of vulnerabilities on the analyzed contracts (e.g. reentrancy patterns, arithmetic issues under the current compiler settings, simple access-control mistakes).
- This is an automated layer of defense on top of unit tests and fuzzing. It is not a full manual audit.
- 4. Foundry Fuzz Test Suite Summary

### Command

forge test -vv

#### Result

4 fuzz tests passing (256 runs per test, Solc 0.8.24)

#### Contract under fuzz

EverestVaultMulti (ETH-only vault model)

#### Tests

- testFuzz\_DebtNeverNegative(uint96,uint96,uint96)
  Ensures user debt never becomes negative, even under randomized deposit / borrow / repay sequences.
- testFuzz\_DepositBorrowRepay\_ConservesEth(uint96,uint96)
  Checks ETH conservation over deposit + borrow + repay flows, accounting for protocol fees and internal accounting.
- testFuzz\_DepositWithdraw\_ConservesEth(uint96)
  Checks ETH conservation over deposit + withdraw flows, with the protocol fee applied on both deposit and withdrawal.
- testFuzz\_LTVNeverAbove70(uint96,uint96)
  Ensures the loan-to-value ratio (debt / collateral) never exceeds 70% for any fuzzed sequence of deposits and borrows.

### 5. Manual & Functional Testing

In addition to automated tooling, the EverestVault code and deployment have undergone manual review and functional testing by the protocol authors.

### Manual contract review

- Line-by-line review of EverestVault.sol focusing on:
- Access control and owner / guardian powers.
- Fee calculation paths on deposit and withdrawal.

- Anti-loop same-block guard and lastBorrowBlock handling.
- Pause behaviour, ensuring repay remains available while paused.
- ETH handling, including revert paths and prevention of stuck funds.
- Review of interactions with OpenZeppelin libraries and their usage patterns (ownership, pausable logic, math).

### Functional testing on testnet (Base Sepolia)

Using the GranEverest borrow app and direct calls:

- Deposits of ETH into the vault, verification of protocol fee accounting and user collateral balances.
- Borrow operations up to the enforced 70% LTV limit, including checks that LTV violations revert.
- Repay flows:
- Exact repayment.
- Overpayment with ETH refund.
- Withdrawals:
- Full withdrawal with zero debt.
- Partial withdrawal with existing debt, ensuring LTV remains within bounds.
- Pause / unpause:
- Verification that deposit, borrow and withdraw revert while paused.
- Verification that repay continues to work while the vault is paused.
- Cross-check of emitted events against expected values (collateral, debt, fees, and vault totals).

### Mainnet smoke tests (Base)

On the production deployment with limited-size positions:

- Deposit, borrow, repay and withdraw flows executed end-to-end via the app and direct BaseScan interactions.
- Confirmation that:
- Protocol fees are transferred to the configured feeRecipient.
- User balances evolve as expected.
- Revert conditions (e.g. attempting to exceed LTV) behave consistently with testnet and automated tests.

### 6. Conclusions

### At the time of this report:

- All Hardhat unit tests pass (17/17).
- Slither static analysis completes with 0 reported issues on the current codebase.
- All Foundry fuzz tests pass (4/4, 256 runs each).
- Manual contract review and functional testing on Base Sepolia and Base mainnet confirm the expected behaviour of the ETH vault model in the tested scenarios.

### Key properties validated

- Anti-loop protection

Same-block borrow + deposit loops are blocked at the contract level.

# - LTV limit

Borrow operations are constrained to 70% of collateral; fuzzing confirms that the debt/collateral ratio does not exceed this limit under tested sequences.

### - ETH conservation

Deposit/withdraw and deposit/borrow/repay flows conserve ETH at the protocol level, apart from the configured protocol fee.

## - Pause safety

When paused, the vault blocks state-changing actions except repay, so users can still reduce risk and close positions while the protocol is paused.

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